



Income streams

Income streams are investments which provide regular income and capital payments to allow you to manage your ongoing living expenses.

There are two main types of income streams – pensions and annuities. A pension is the name given to an income stream payable from a superannuation fund, whereas an annuity is the name given to an income stream which is generally payable from a life insurance company.

Income streams fall into three categories:

- Account-based income streams
- Transition to retirement pensions
- Non-account based income streams.

Account-based income streams

When you invest in an account-based income stream, you have an investment account within the relevant fund. Your investment account balance will be adjusted for any increase or decrease as a result of investment returns and reduced by your draw down regular income payments. As long as the account balance lasts, you will have an income stream.

An account-based income stream is flexible because you have access to your investment account. You are generally able to withdraw the whole or part of your investment account balance at any time. If you are under age 60 you may be liable for some tax when withdrawing lump sum amounts. Your family, beneficiaries or estate will receive the remaining investment account balance on your death.

There is some flexibility with an account-based income stream allowing you to match the income payments to your needs. Each year, you may select the income you wish to draw, which is subject to a minimum level required by the government (this is calculated upon commencement and on 1 July each year after). The income payments will continue until you withdraw the balance or your account is exhausted.

The level of investment earnings and your funds will depend on the type of investment choices you make along the way. Most account-based income streams offer you investment choices, some of which involve more risk than others. It is important to note that the longevity of your income stream will depend on how much you draw out annually and the investment earnings you receive. There is no guarantee that you will have an income for your lifetime or for any fixed period of time.

Transition to retirement pensions

People who have reached their preservation age (55 for those born before 1 July 1960) can access preserved and restricted non-preserved superannuation benefits as a non-commutable income stream. No work or income tests or monetary limits apply to benefits accessed using this condition of release.

This is, known as 'transition to retirement' and is designed to appeal to those looking to reduce their working hours without having to retire while being able to supplement their reduced employment income with income sourced from superannuation.

Non-commutable income streams are simply existing income stream types, including account based pensions, term allocated pensions and annuities that cannot be commuted in cash, except in limited circumstances. The maximum yearly pension income is restricted to 10% of the account balance at upon commencement and then 10% of the account balance on 1 July each year after.



If a pensioner returns to full time work the benefits in a non-commutable income stream can be rolled over to another non-commutable income stream or back to the accumulation phase of superannuation (only within the first 6 months for complying income streams). When the person declares retirement or leaves employment after reaching age 60. A non-commutable income stream purchased under transition to retirement regulations will revert to a normal income stream (i.e. able to make lump sum withdrawals).

Non-account based income streams

Non-account based income streams are payable for either a fixed term or life. They may be known as immediate annuities, term certain income streams, life expectancy income streams or lifetime income streams. They provide fixed, guaranteed returns and for some clients may satisfy the "comfort factor" such as certainty of income and security of investment.

Immediate annuities (both lifetime guaranteed and term certain) are the only income streams that can be purchased with ordinary money. The others must be purchased with superannuation money.

Tax rules

Investment earnings received by income streams are tax-free. Pension income from a taxed superannuation fund is also tax-free for those aged 60 and over. Whilst payments received by clients under age 60 are subject to income tax, some part of an income stream payment may be considered to be tax-free depending on the person's personal circumstances. These clients may be able to obtain a tax rebate (offset) for certain types of income stream payments.

Need further information?

If you have any questions about the material covered in this fact sheet, or require more information please contact FuturePlus on (02) 8234 6000 or 1300 369 901 between 9am and 5pm on any business day.

Please note that the information contained herein is of a general nature only. It has not been prepared taking into account your particular investment objectives, financial situation and particular needs. You should assess whether any advice is appropriate to your individual investment objectives, financial situation and particular needs before making any investment decision. You should also consider seeking the assistance of a professional adviser.

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